Botulinum toxin A injections for treatment of the facial muscle contractures due to Guillain-Barré

syndrome: A case report

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**INTRODUCTION:** 

Bifacial weakness with paresthesia is a rare subtype of Guillain-Barré syndrome (GBS). 12 Generally, facial

paralysis is transient<sup>3</sup> and may recover completely with proper treatment.<sup>4</sup> We describe a case of facial muscle

contracture with synkinetic movement, resulting from GBS. Botulinum toxin A was effective to control these

sequelae.

**CASE PRESENTATION:** 

A 29-years-old female was referred to us with a bilateral facial muscle contracture at rest and synkinetic

movement after treatment of GBS. The contracture was seen in the whole face including the forehead, glabella,

eye, cheek, upper lip, and mentum region.

Botulinum toxin A was used to suppress the facial muscle contractures and control the synkinetic facial

movement. Although complete recovery could not achieved, the injection was effective. Now the patient has

been undergoing the injections repeatedly with no adverse effect.

**CONCLUSION:** 

Facial muscle contracture due to GBS is well controlled by botulinum toxin A injections. However according to

recovering of the facial functions, it is insufficient to treat only by botulinum toxin A injections.

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